

Crop Simulation Models in Field Trials

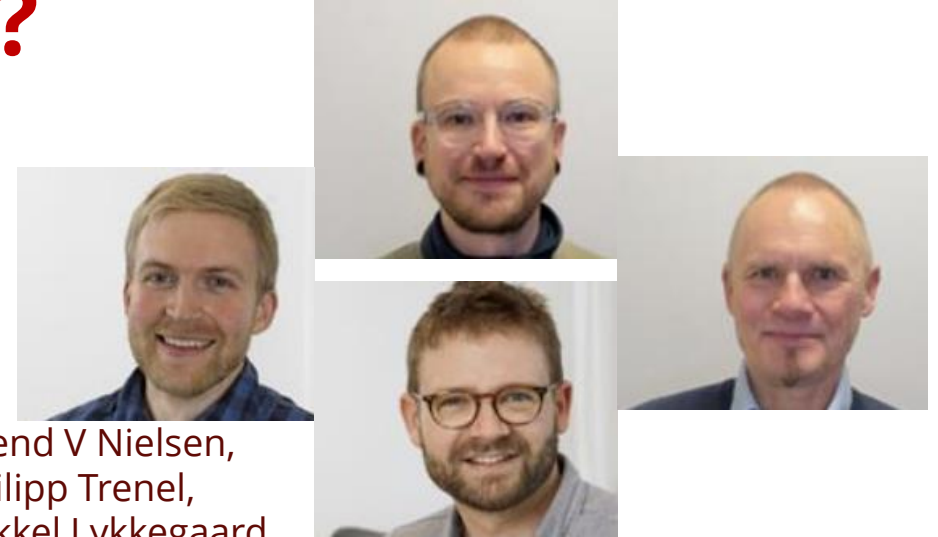
Svend Vendelbo Nielsen,
04-03-2025

Outline

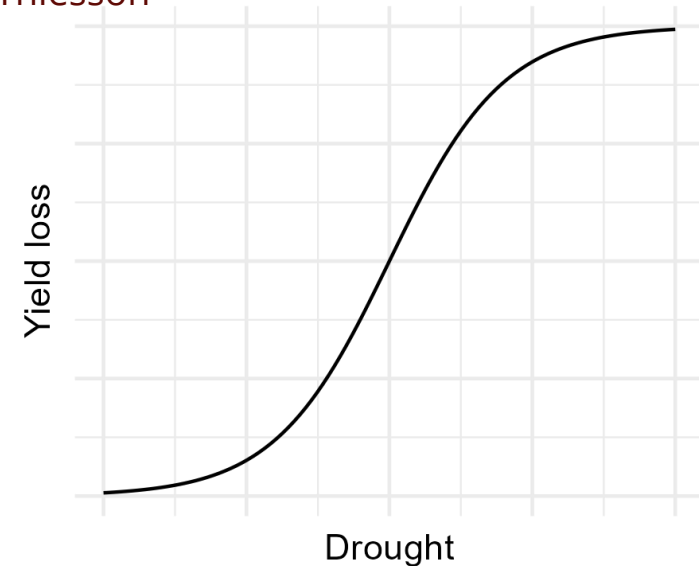
- Who are we?
- Sales-pitch
- What is a crop simulation model?
- Why use crop simulation models?

Who are we?

- In the Agriculture and Digitalization centre of Danish Technological Institute, we have a data modeling team
- We oversee the analyses of hundreds of field trials every year and make the statistics in Nordic Field Trial System.
- In our research projects, crop simulation are used to
 - Predict yield in future climate
 - Explain nitrous oxide emission
- Crop simulation models can be used in field trials as well!



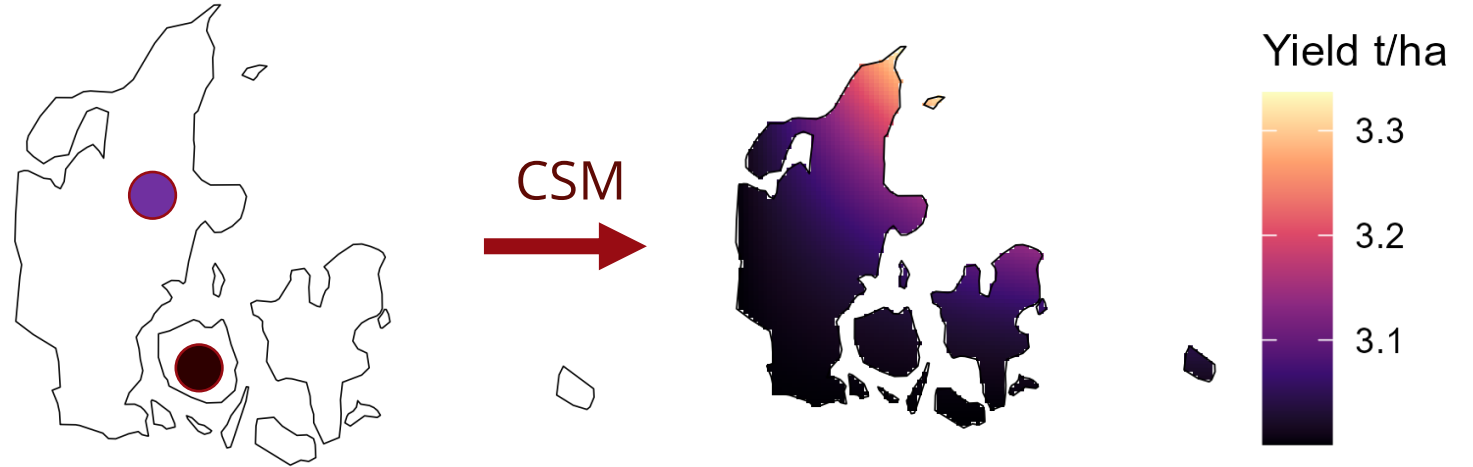
Svend V Nielsen,
Philipp Trenal,
Mikkel Lykkegaard,
Bo Thiesson



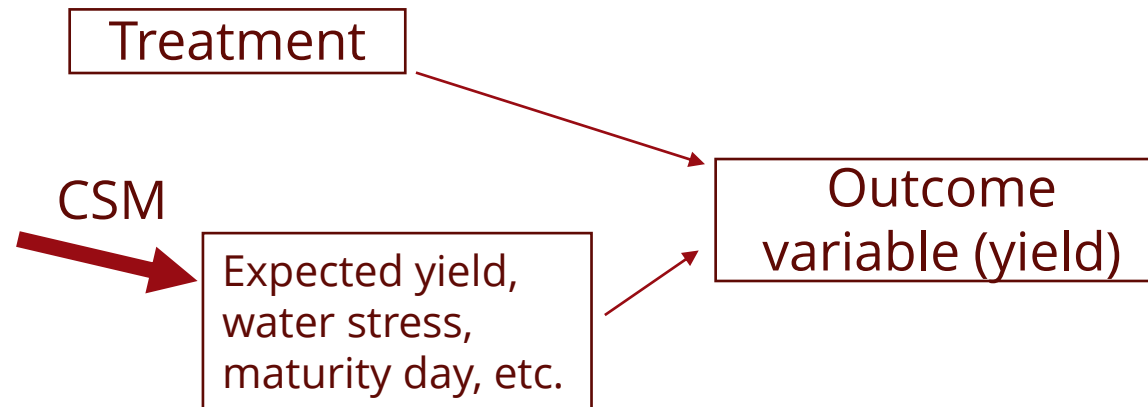
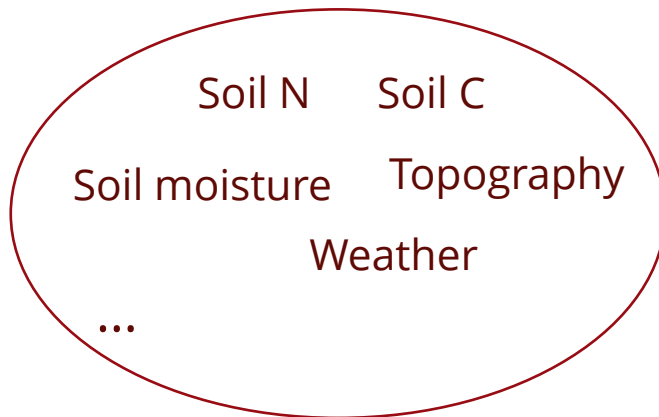
Sales-pitch for Crop Simulation Models (CSM)

Extrapolate results*:

2024	2025	2026
3.2 t/ha	3.5 t/ha	2.8 t/ha

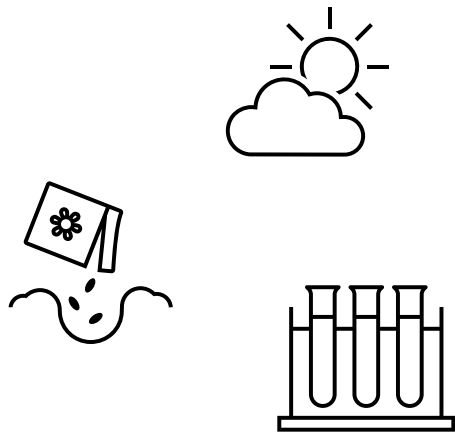


Better usage of sensors:



***Hypothetical numbers**

What is a crop simulation model?



Daily weather for
the full growing
season,
Soil sample data,
Planting days,
Irrigation,
Fertilization



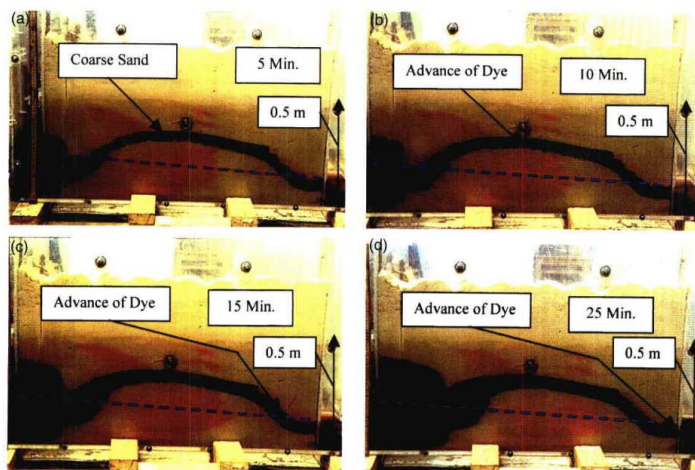
Yield parameters,
Maturity day,
...

What is a crop simulation model?

- Most crop simulation models compute the daily growth of each plant component:

$$\text{Growth of grain during one day} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if crop has not reached grain filling stage} \\ f(\text{leaf area, available water, temperature, nutrients, ...}) & \\ 0 & \text{if crop is no longer in grain filling stage} \end{cases}$$

- The formulas come from experiments rather than inferred from big data:

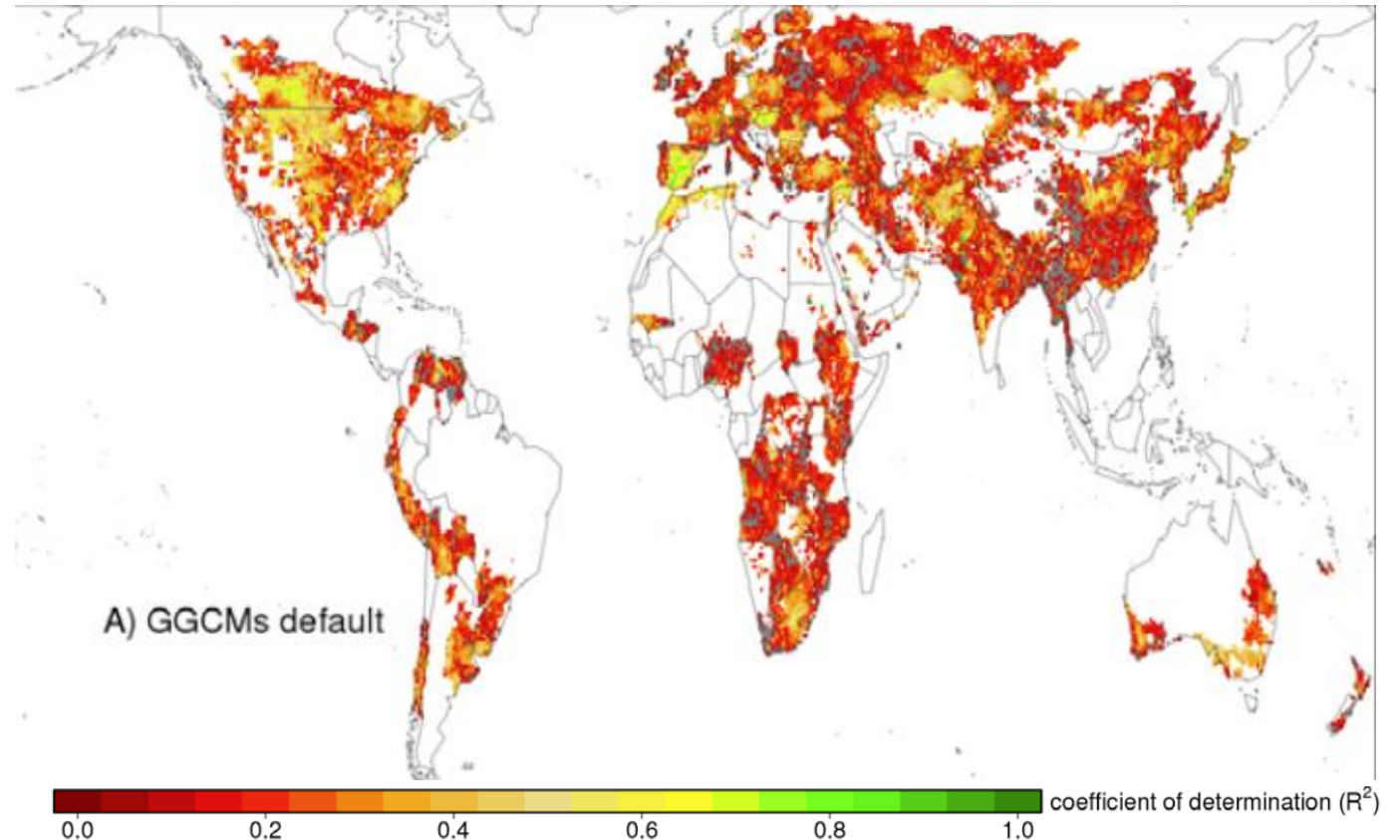


$$\theta(\psi) = \theta_r + \frac{\theta_s - \theta_r}{[1 + (\alpha|\psi|)^n]^{1-1/n}}$$



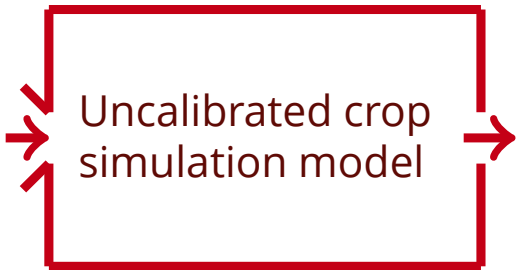
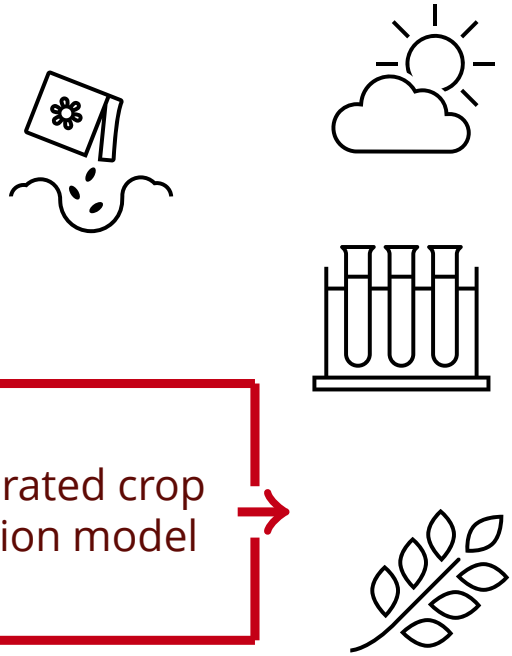
How good are crop simulation models?

- The models are better than randomly guessing the between-year variation, but not much better (Müller et al. 2017), because:
 - Difficult to get site-specific data
 - The computations are **not calibrated** to their specific area

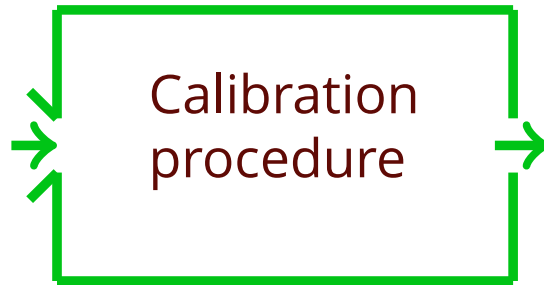


Müller, Christoph, et al. "Global gridded crop model evaluation: benchmarking, skills, deficiencies and implications." *Geoscientific Model Development* 10.4 (2017): 1403-1422.

Calibrated crop simulation models



Daily weather,
Soil sample data,
Planting days,
Irrigation,
Fertilization,
Yield data



CERES calibrated wheat model



Days required to vernalization=5
Photoperiod response (%redu./10h)=75
Grain phase duration (Tdays)=450
Kernel number per canopy weight=30
Kernel weight(mg)=35
Standard tiller weight=1
Tdays between leaf appearances=60
Duration phase 1=200
Duration phase 2=200
Duration phase 3=15
....
Minimum grain N=0



Days required to vernalization=9.3
Photoperiod response (%redu./10h)=13.2
Grain phase duration (Tdays)=331.4
Kernel number per canopy weight=12.11
Kernel weight(mg)=63.48
Standard tiller weight=2.2
Tdays between leaf appearances=86
Duration phase 1=362
Duration phase 2=258
Duration phase 3=13
....
Minimum grain N=2

Calibrated model results

- There have been very high accuracy for well-calibrated crop simulation models, when predicting between-variety yields (Mukhtar, et al. 2016).
- One field trial repeated 3 years,
- Wheat, APSIM and CERES models,
- **$R^2=0.85$**

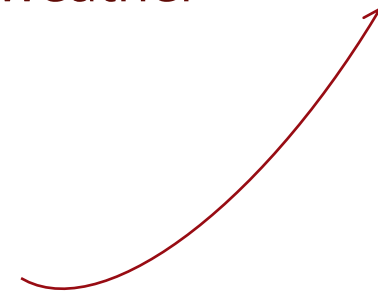
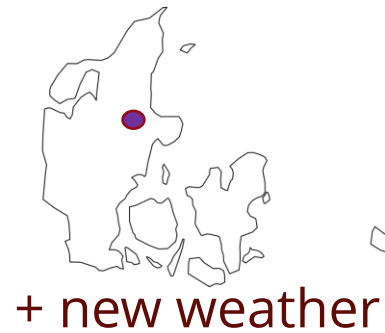
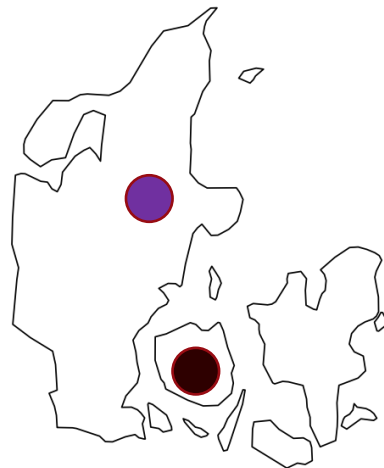


2009	2010	2011
Calibration data	Test data	Test data

Ahmed, Mukhtar, et al. "Calibration and validation of APSIM-Wheat and CERES-Wheat for spring wheat under rainfed conditions: Models evaluation and application." *Computers and Electronics in Agriculture* 123 (2016): 384-401.

Use for field trials

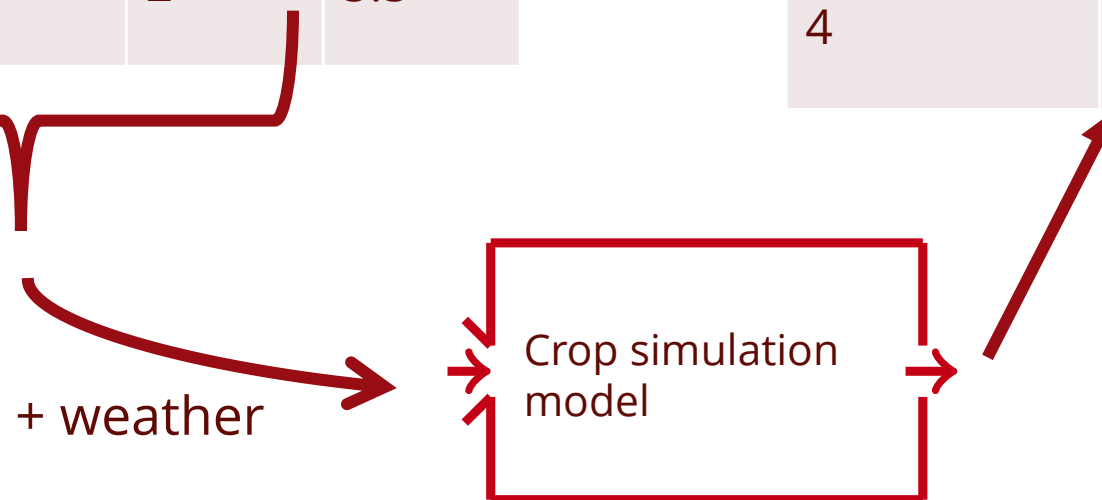
- It is possible to calibrate a crop simulation model to one or more field trials, and then predict yields in related situations.
- One can explore different locations, different weather, different sowing dates, different fertilization schemes, etc.



Use Crop simulation model (CSM) to make better analysis

Treatment	Moisture	Clay %	SOM %	Yield
1	40	6	2.5	4.5
1	45	6.5	2.5	4.2
...				
4	32	8	2	5.5

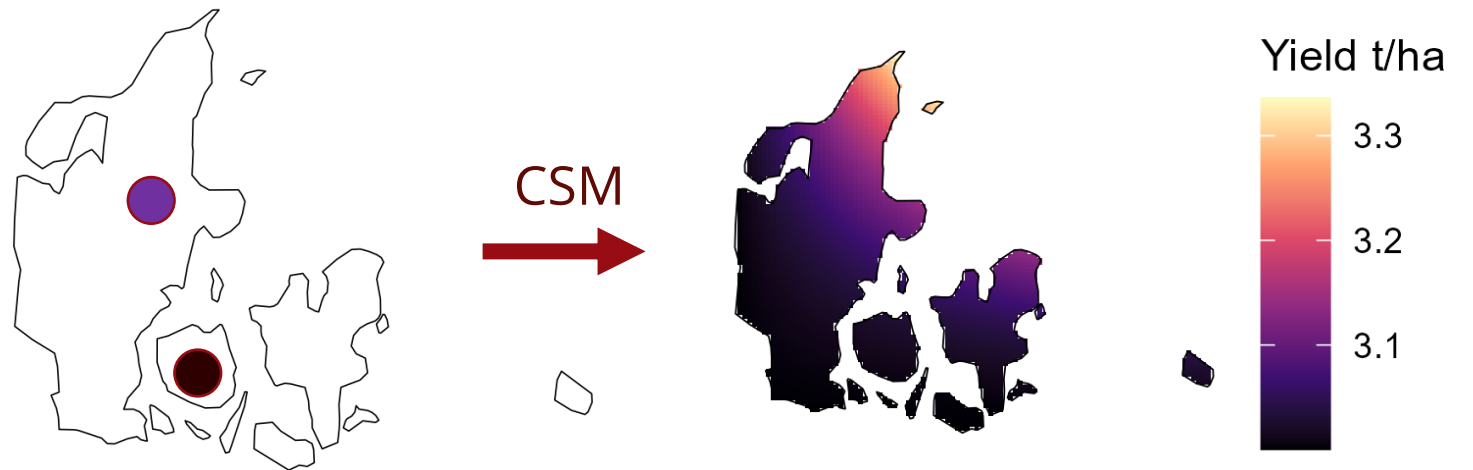
Treatment	CSM-simulated yield	Yield
1	4.4	4.5
1	4.0	4.2
...		
4	4.4	5.5



Conclusion

- Crop Simulation models work best when the data quality is high, and it has been calibrated to a similar system.
- They have potential to improve the analysis of field trials and extrapolate field trial results
- I hope to find valuable uses for these methods in field trials.

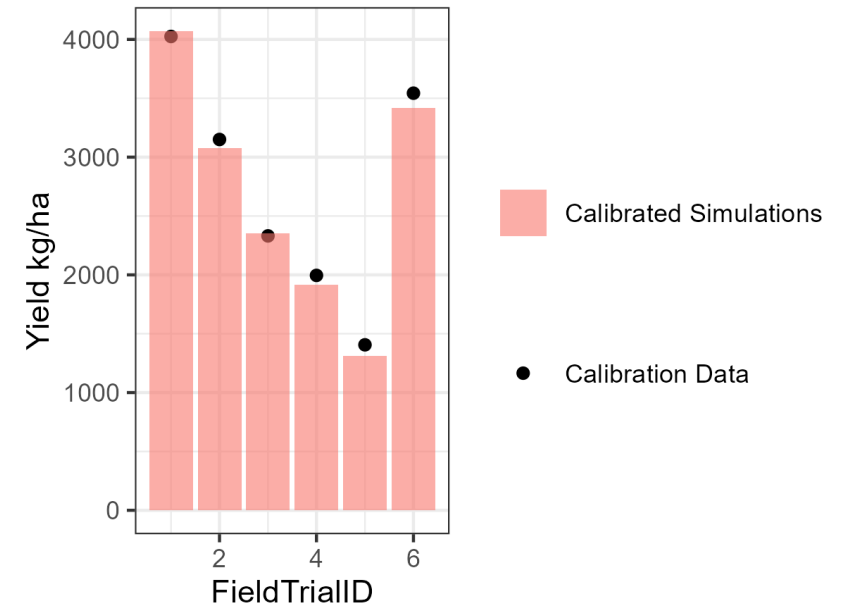
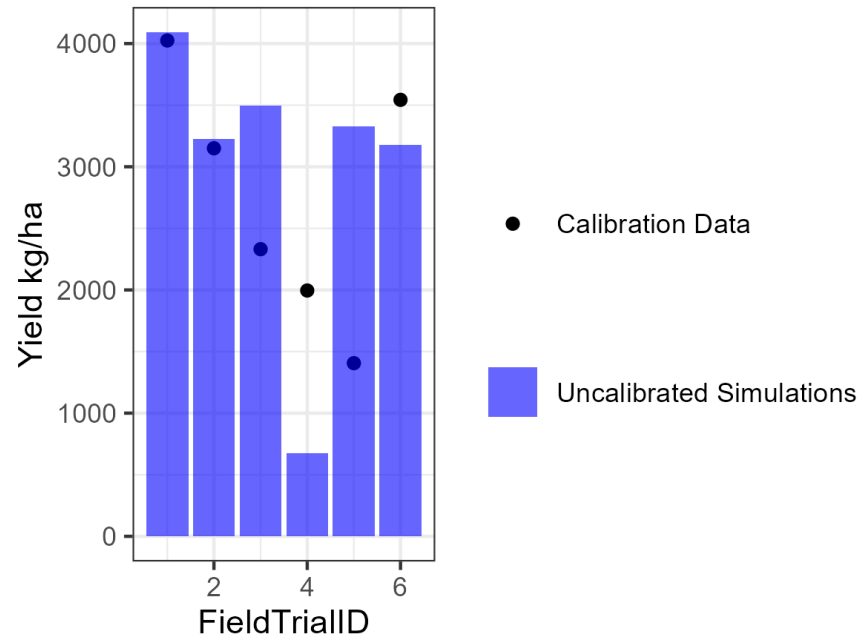
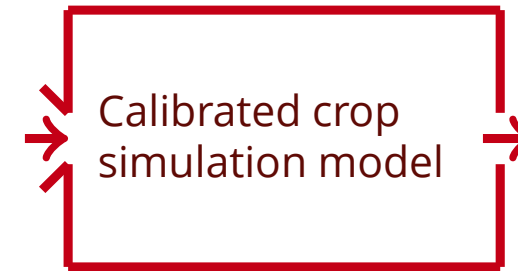
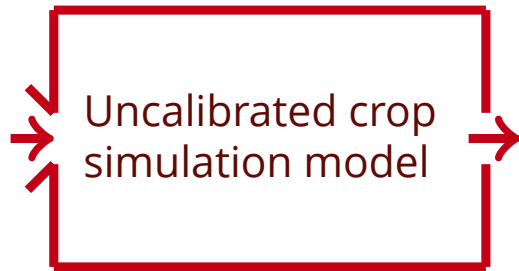
Treatment	CSM-estimated yield	Yield
1	4.4	4.5
1	4.0	4.2
...		
4	4.4	5.5



Thank you

Questions, past experiences, ideas?

Calibrated crop simulation models

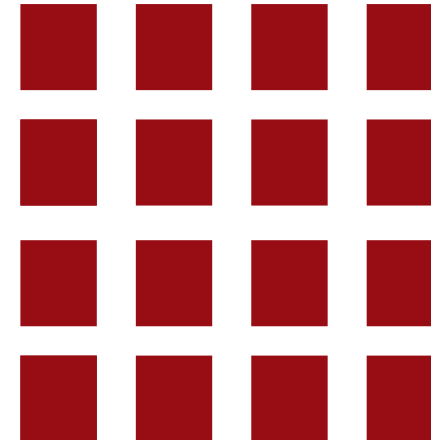


Use in analysis of field trials

- In data-intensive field trials, the number of variables can be high compared to the number of plots

Effect	Degrees of freedom
Treatment	4
Block	4
Soil moisture	1
Clay percentage	1
Residual variance	6
Total degrees of freedom	16

4 treatments, 4 Blocks/Repetitions

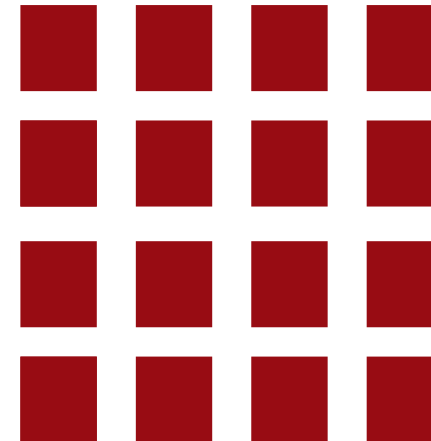


Use in analysis of field trials

- In data-intensive field trials, the number of variables can be high compared to the number of plots

Effect	Degrees of freedom
Treatment	4
Block	4
Soil moisture, Clay Percentage, SOM, and their interactions	6
Residual variance	2
Total degrees of freedom	16

4 treatments, 4 Blocks/Repetitions

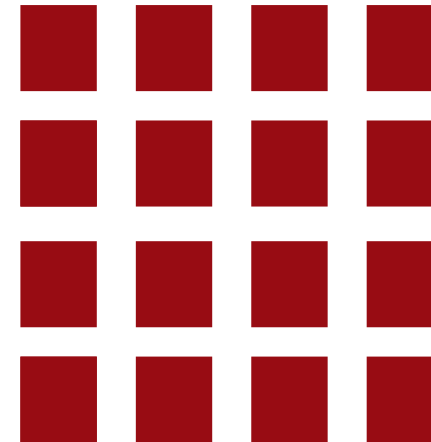


Use in analysis of field trials

- In data-intensive field trials, the number of variables can be high compared to the number of plots

Effect	Degrees of freedom
Treatment	4
Block	4
Effect of Soil moisture, Clay Percentage, SOM estimated by Crop Simulation Model	1
Residual variance	7
Total degrees of freedom	16

4 treatments, 4 Blocks/Repetitions



This gives higher power and smaller confidence intervals and puts all the data to use!