

What can you register with drone cameras?

Mats Söderström, SLU

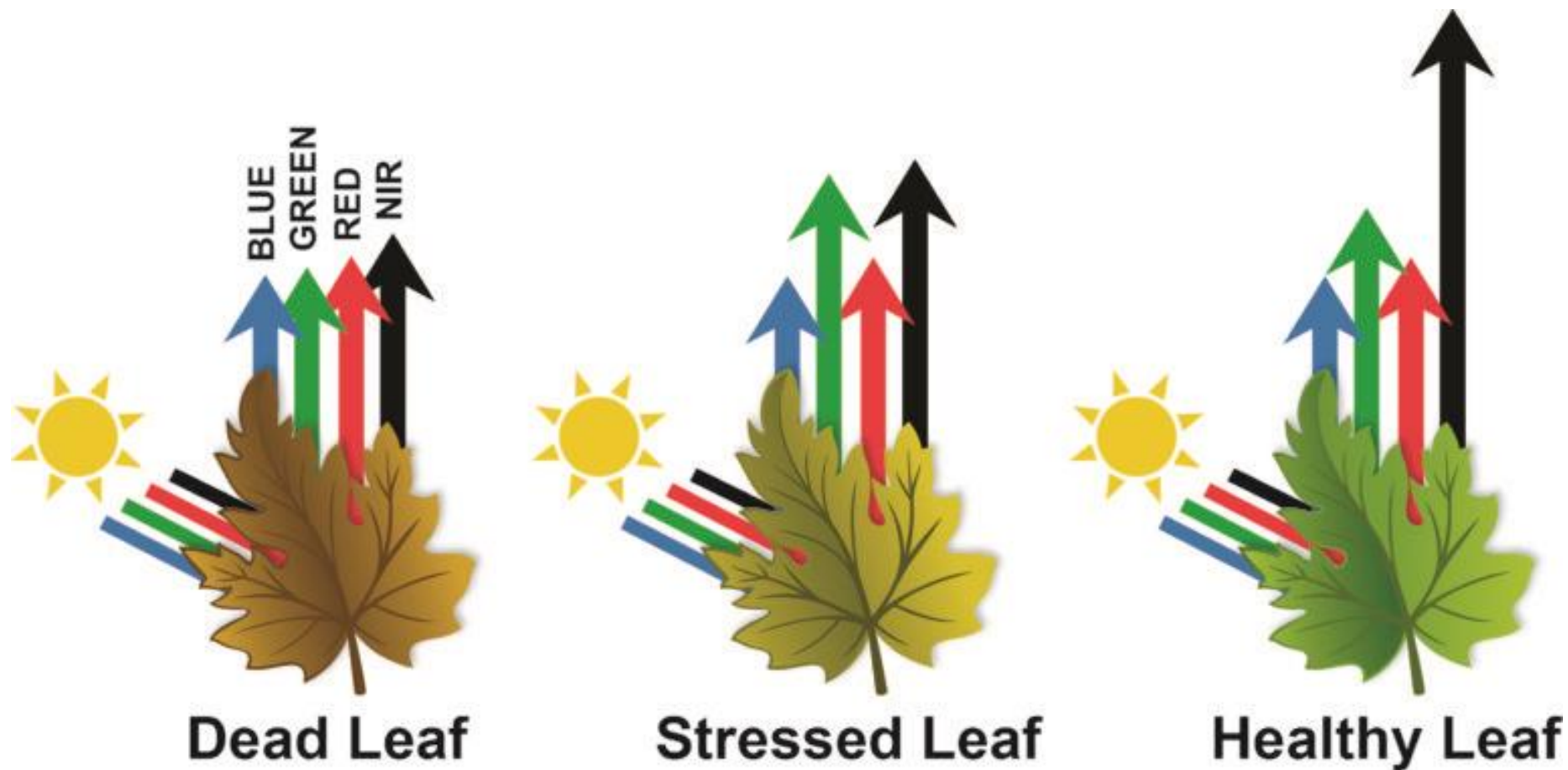
Igor Tihonov, Solvi AB

Uppsala, Sweden

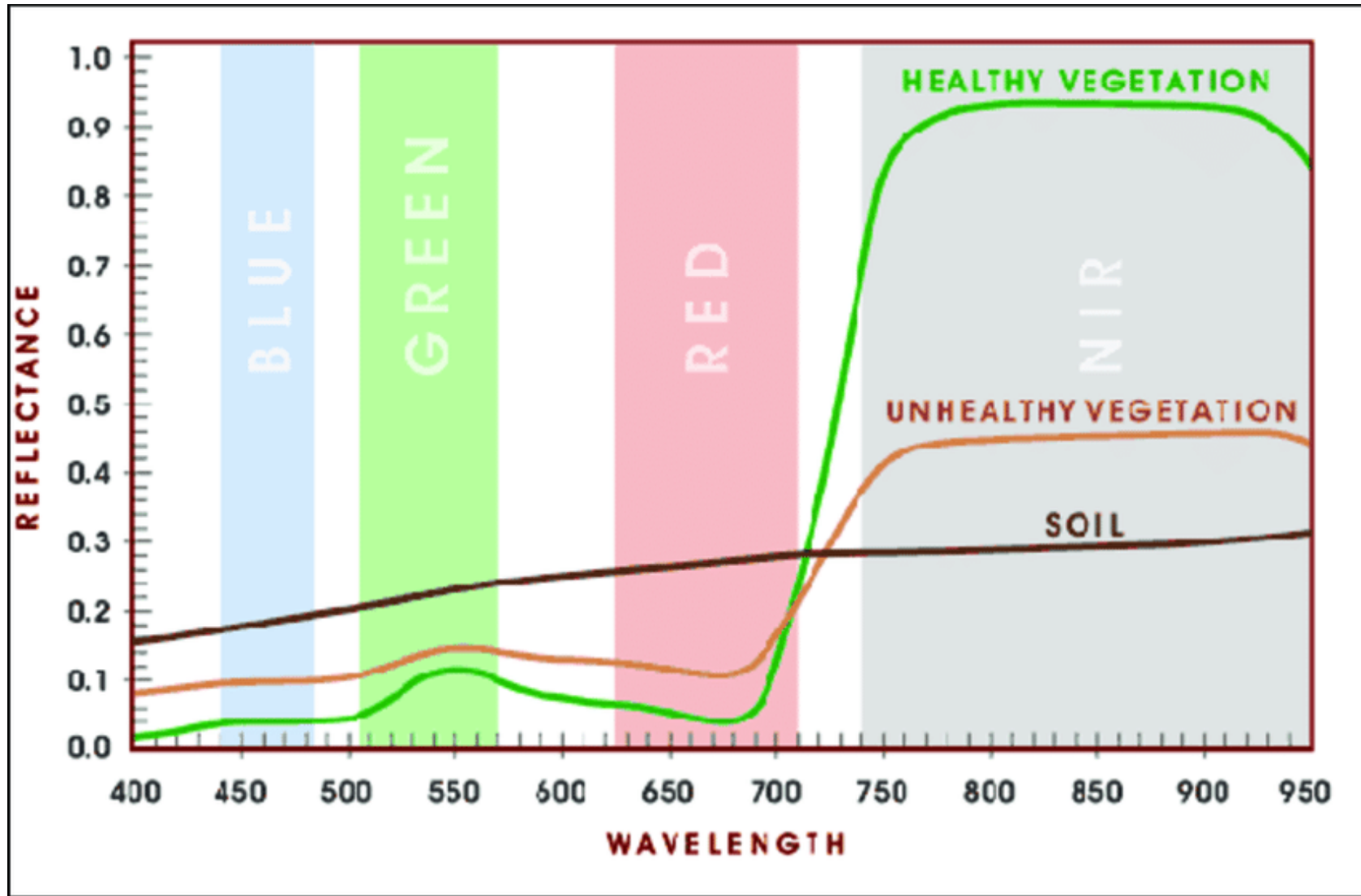
February 8, 2024



What is reflectance?



Different objects reflect light differently



Drone cameras measure the reflectance



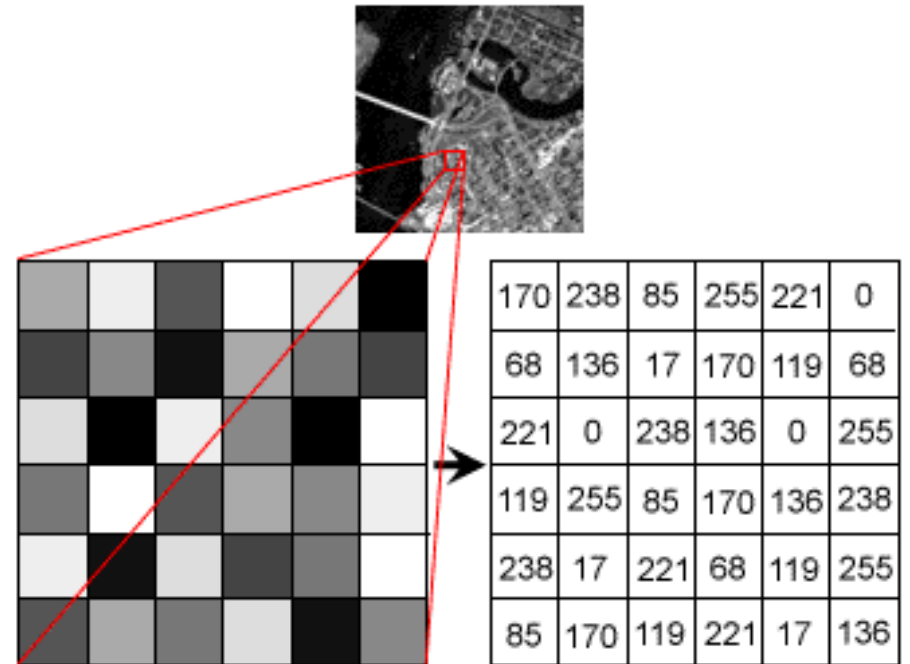
Reflectance = *Digital Number / Max Value*

- For 8-bit imagery (most RGB cameras):

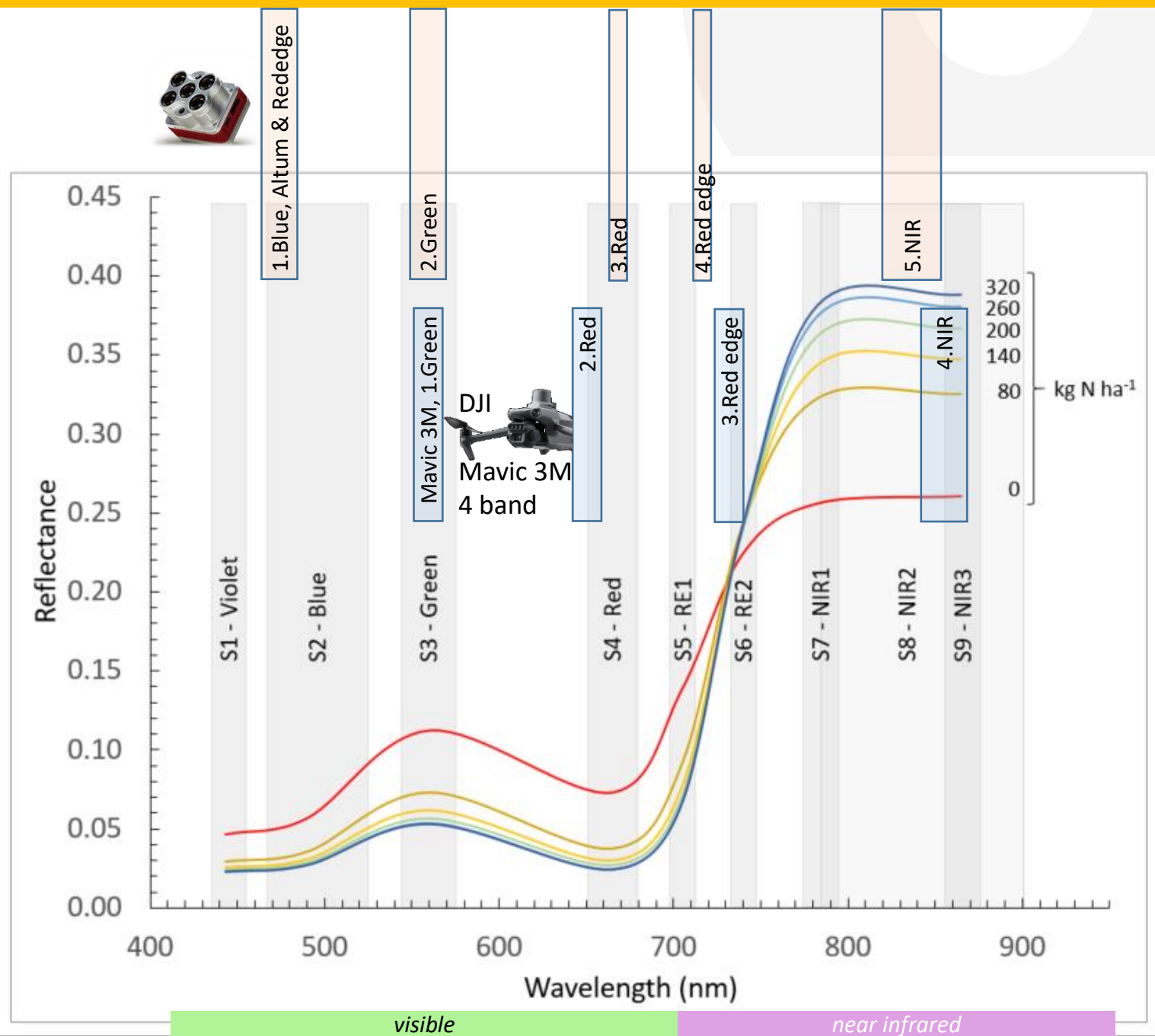
$$170 / 256 = 0,66$$

- For 16-bit imagery (multispectral imagery):

$$2000 / 32767 = 0,08$$



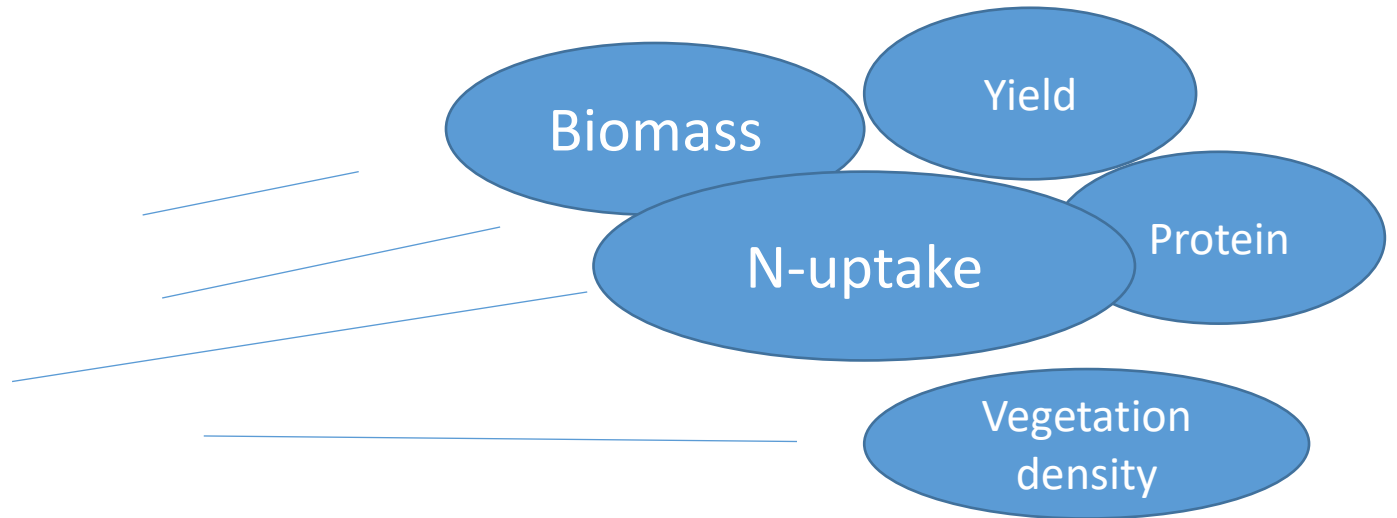
Multispectral cameras
measure different
parts of light
spectrum



Vegetation indices highlight different crop properties

For example:

- NDVI: $(\text{NIR}-\text{Red})/(\text{NIR}+\text{Red})$
- NDRE: $(\text{NIR}-\text{RE})/(\text{NIR}+\text{RE})$
- Chl Index: $= (\text{NIR}/\text{RE})-1$
- MSAVI2: $= 0.5((2\text{NIR}+1)-\text{SQRT}((2\text{NIR}+1)^2-8*(\text{NIR}-\text{Red})))$

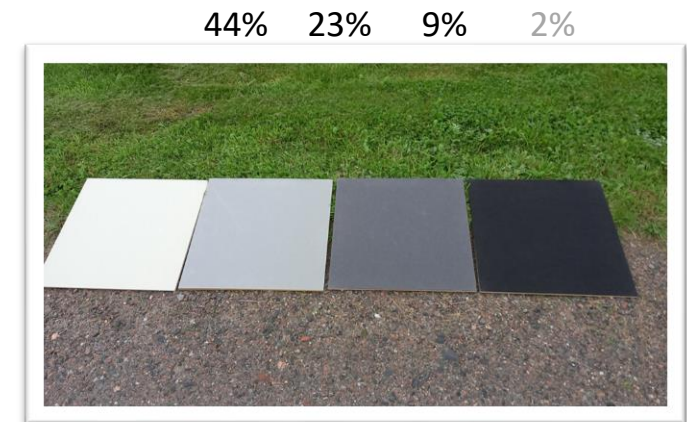


Light Conditions Affect Reflectance (and indices)

1) DLS/ILS – sunshine/light sensor



2) Calibration/reflectance panel



What's the difference?



MicaSense Rededge
5 bands



Maia, Eoptis
9 bands



Mavic 3 M
4 bands



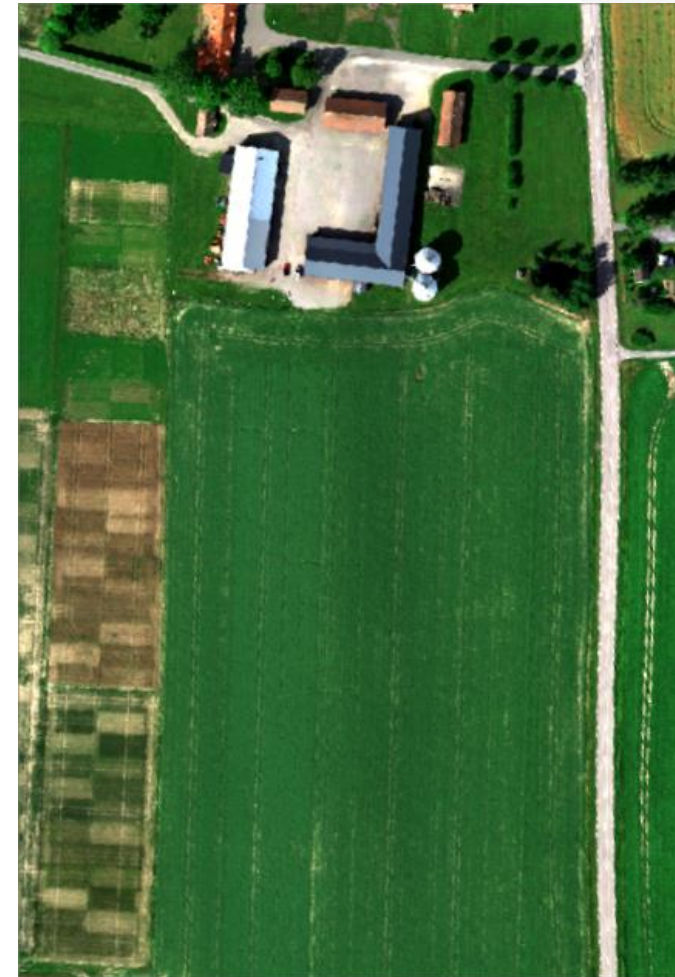
MicaSense Altum
6 bands



Lanna Research Station, Sweden

Crop: Peas

Date: July 23, 2023



Salinas, California, USA

Crop: Broccoli

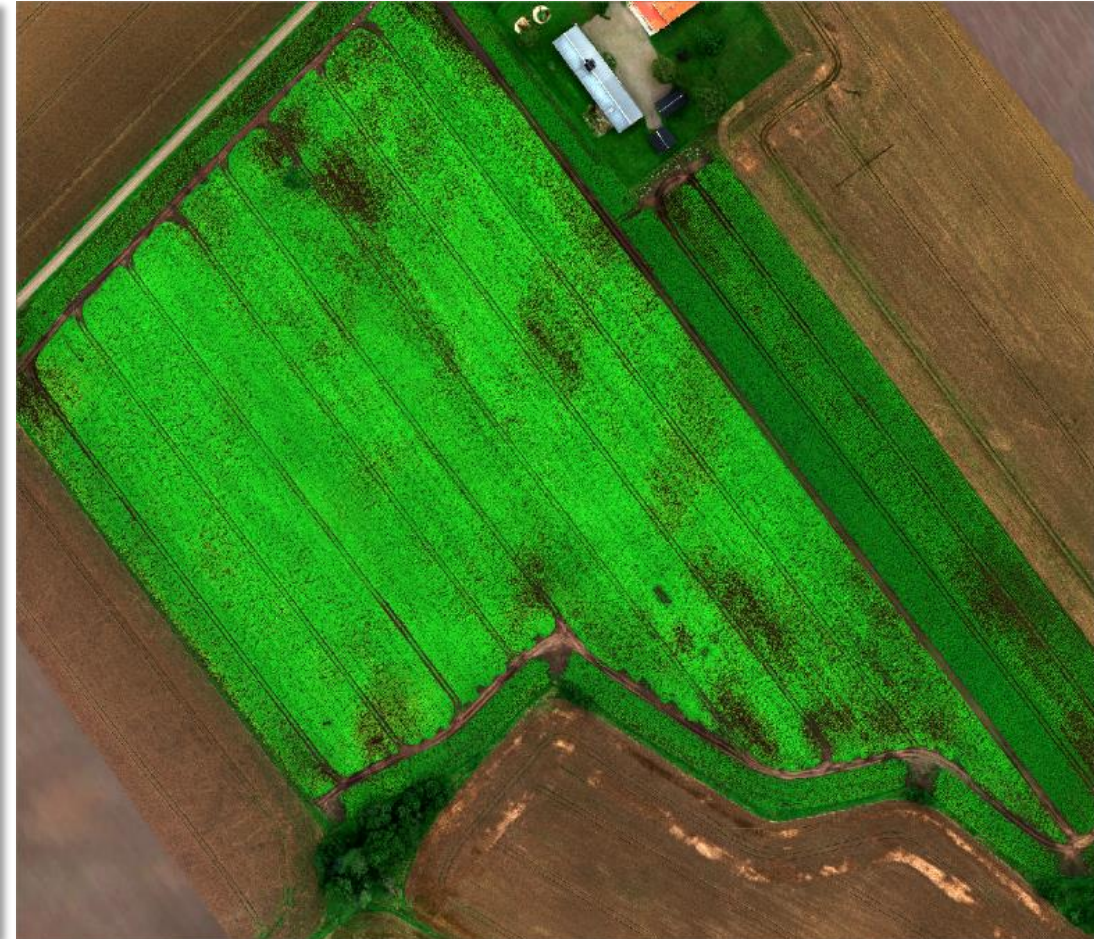
Date: April 27, 2023



Arentorp, Sweden

Crop: Potato

Date: August 18, 2023





View from the north end (red circle)...

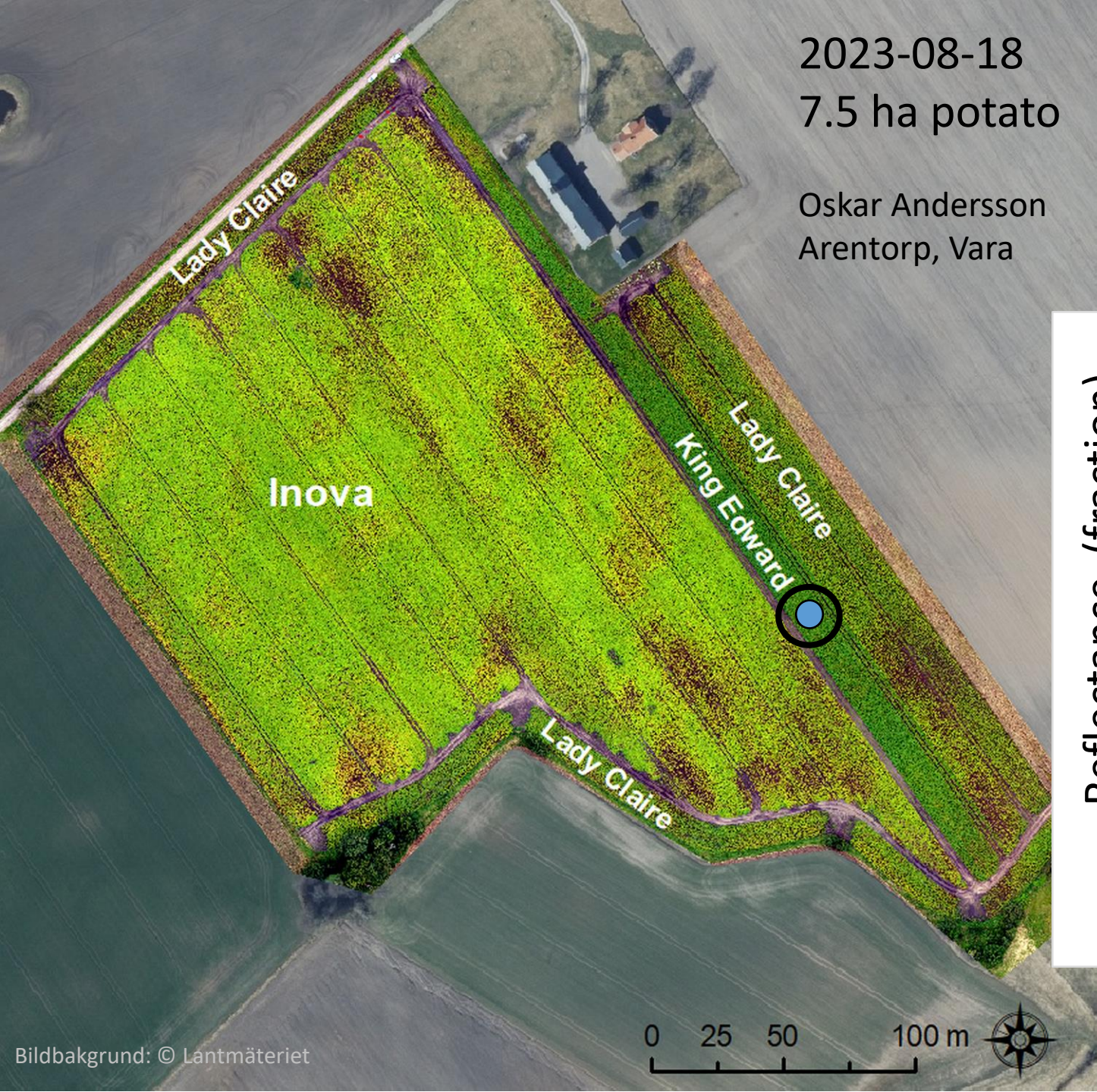


Photo: Bruno Morandin Figueredo

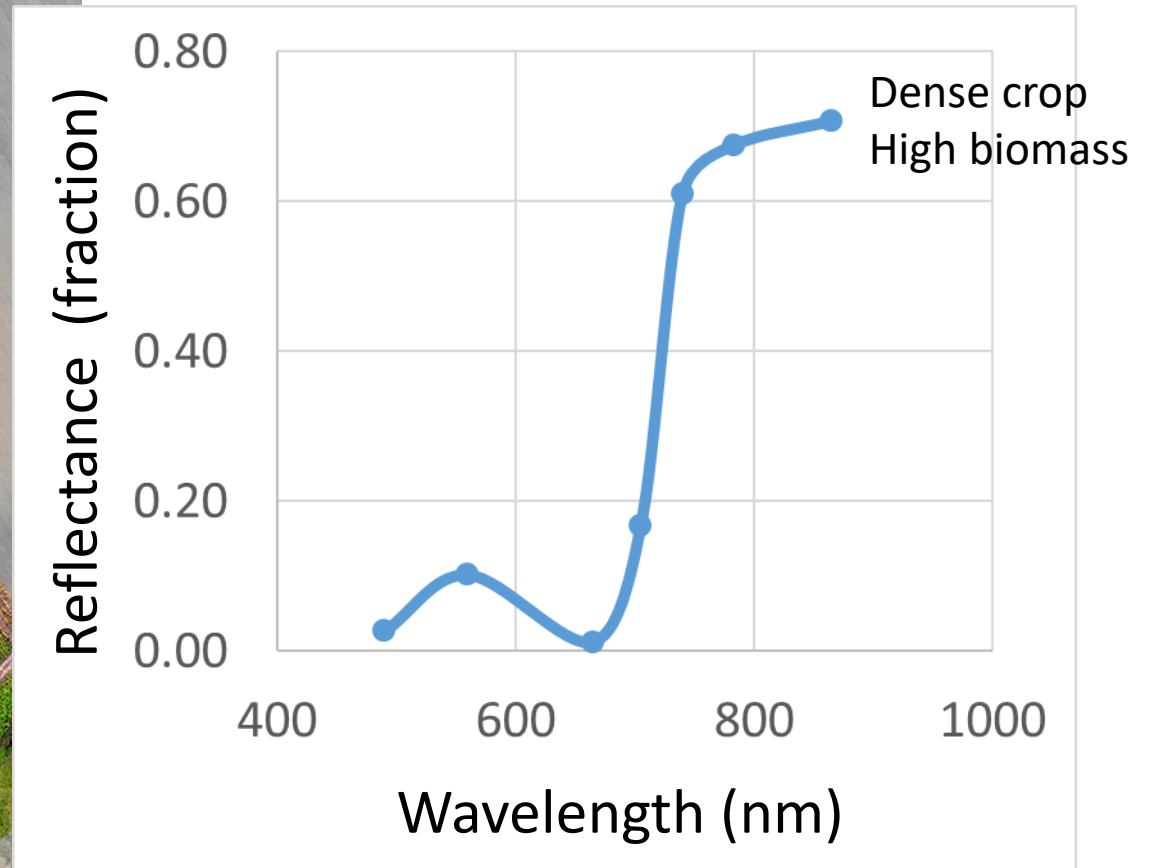
One of the field test sites

2023-08-18
7.5 ha potato

Oskar Andersson
Arentorp, Vara

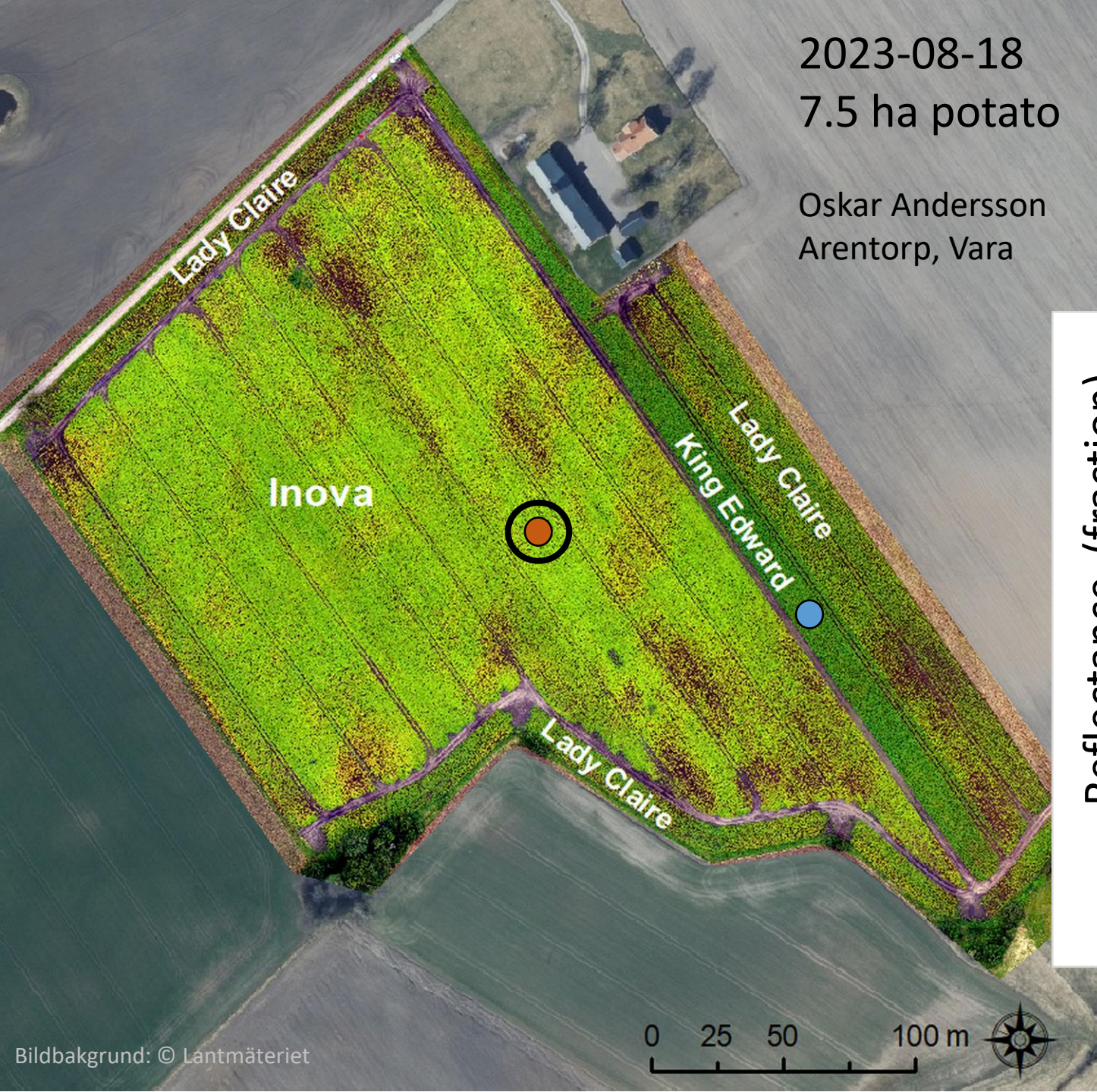


Data from a multispectral camera

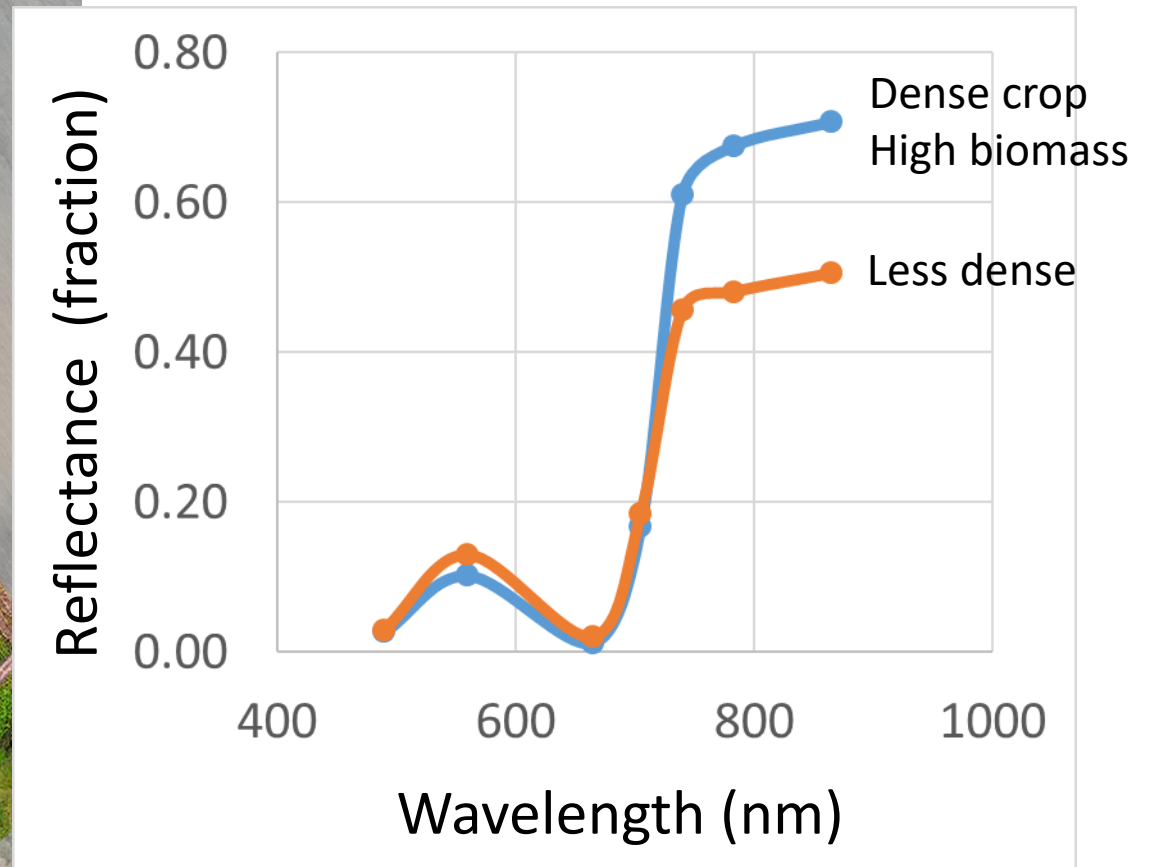


2023-08-18
7.5 ha potato

Oskar Andersson
Arentorp, Vara

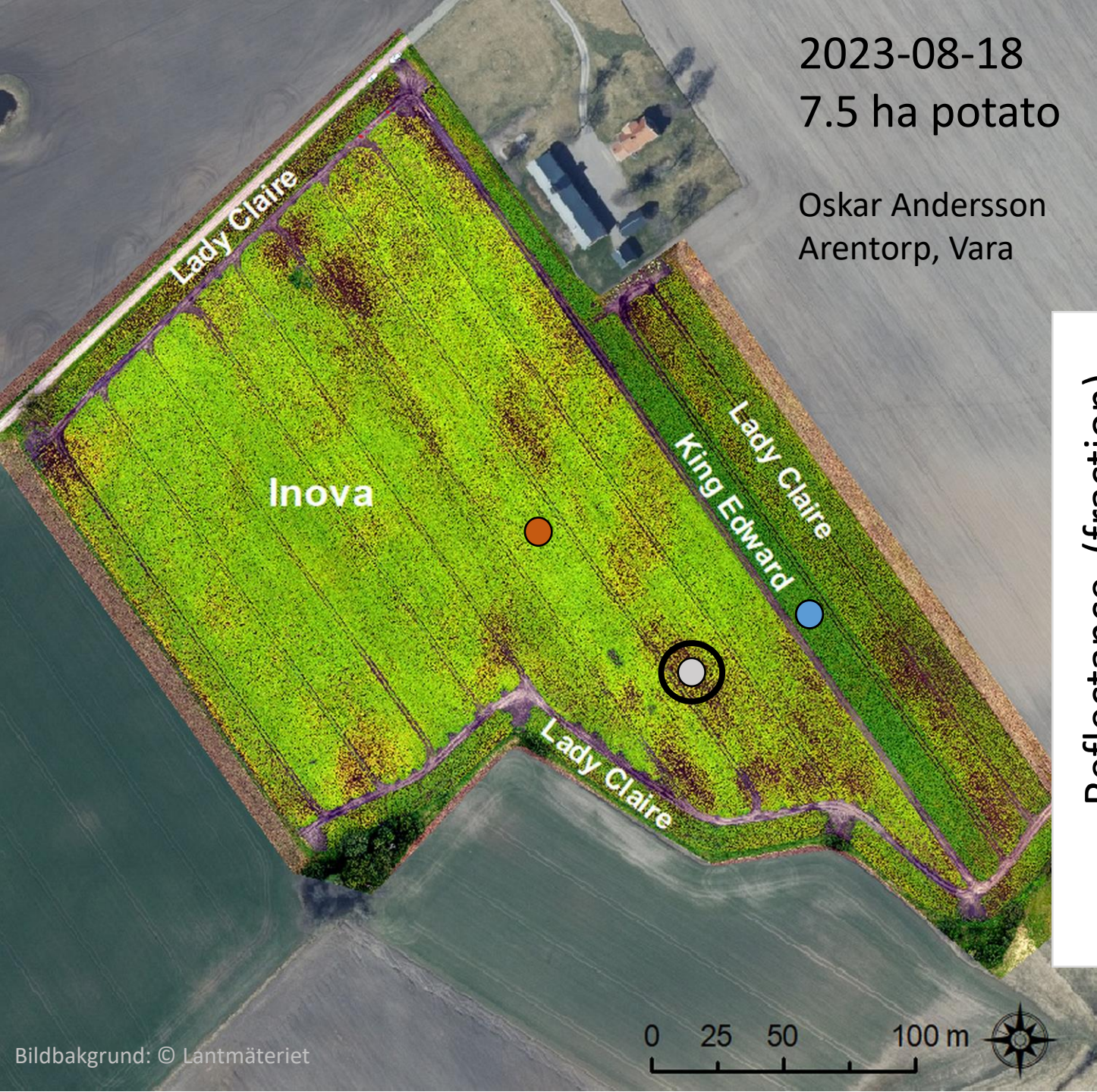


Data from a multispectral camera

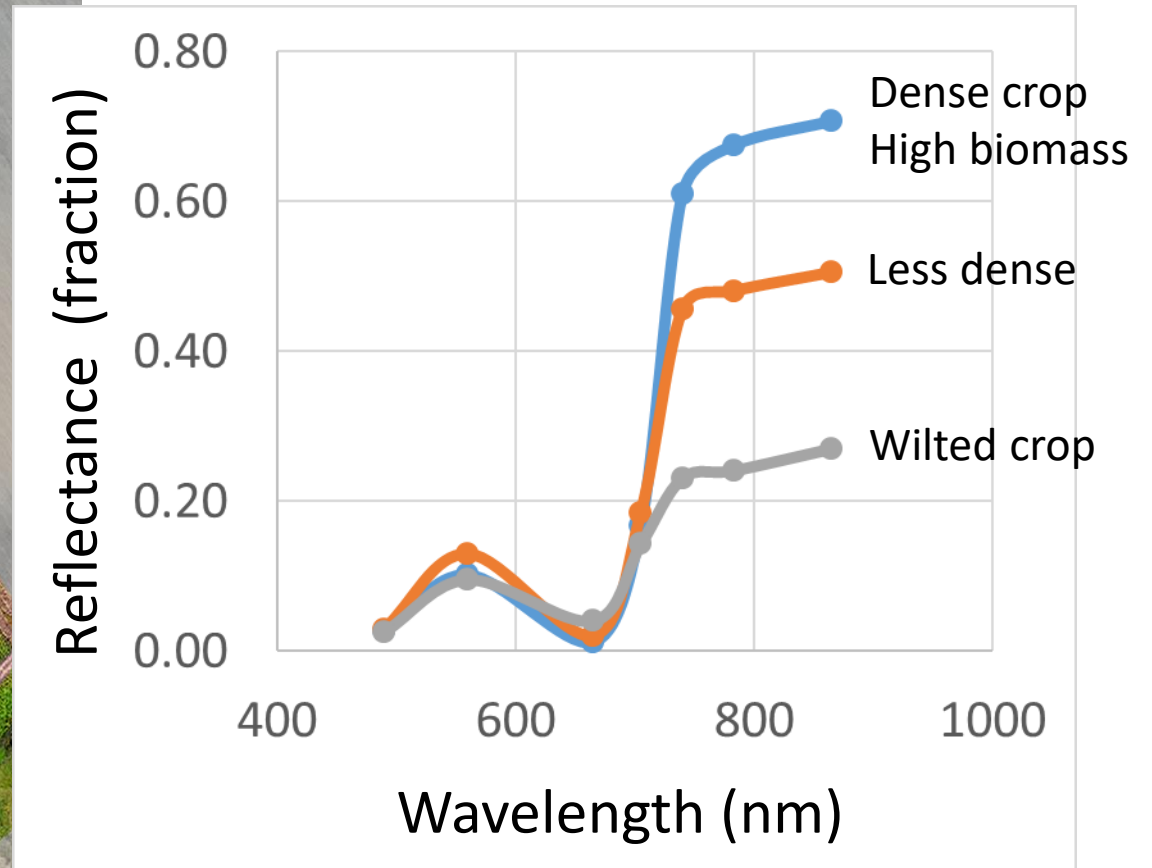


2023-08-18
7.5 ha potato

Oskar Andersson
Arentorp, Vara



Data from a multispectral camera



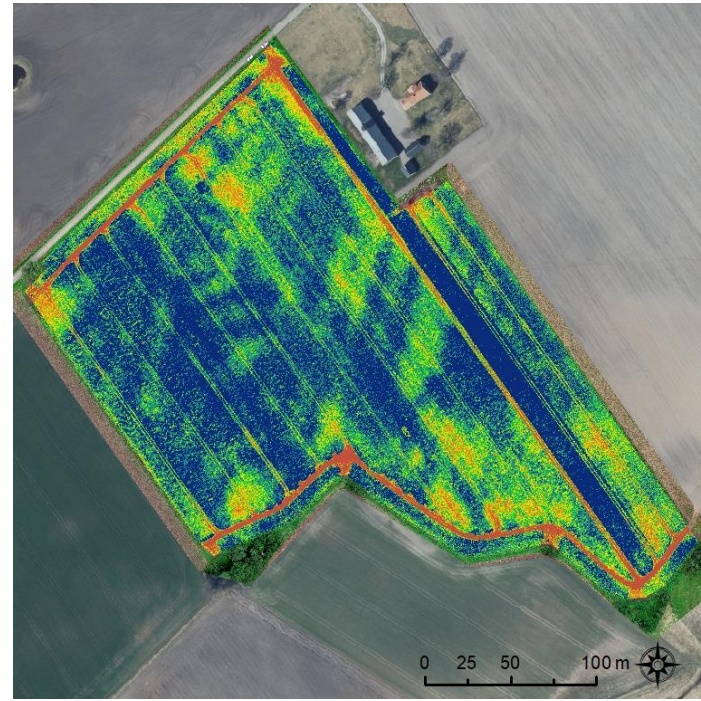
NDVI

Different cameras

Relative variation



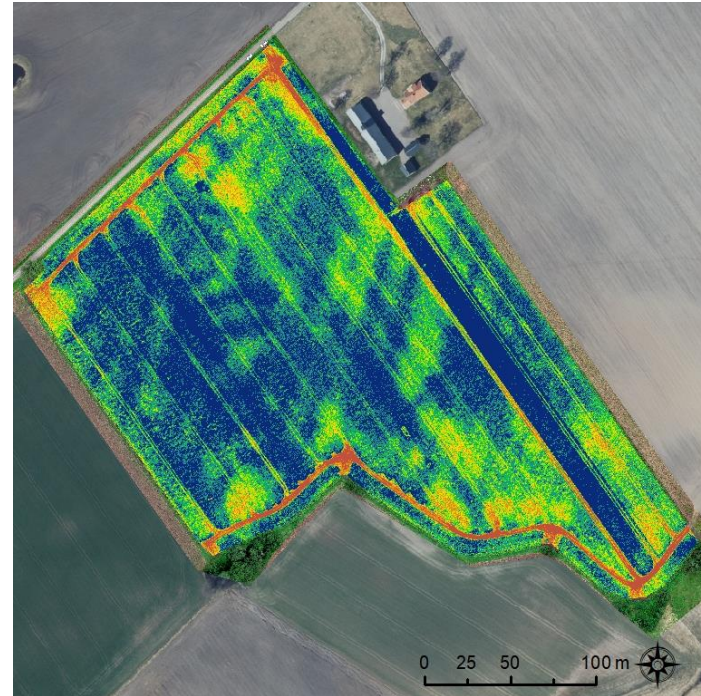
Micasense Altum



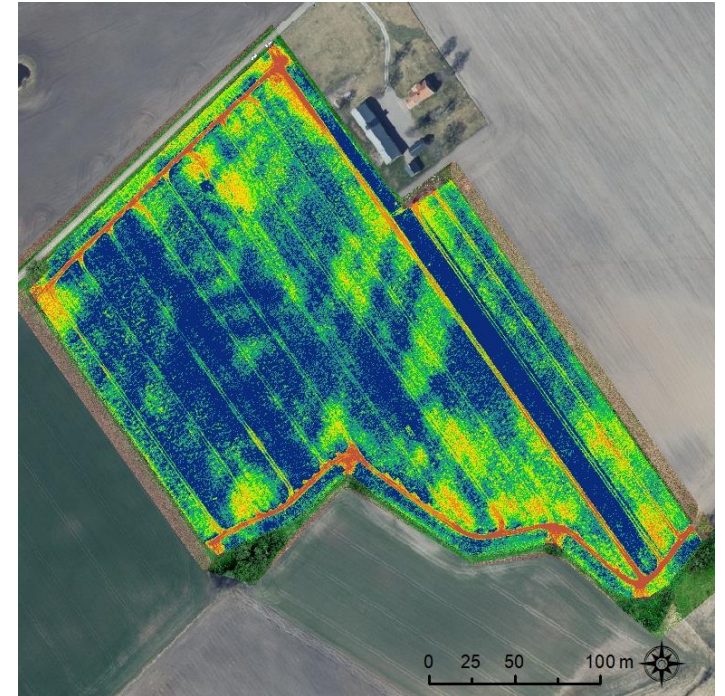
Mavic 3M



Micasense Rededge



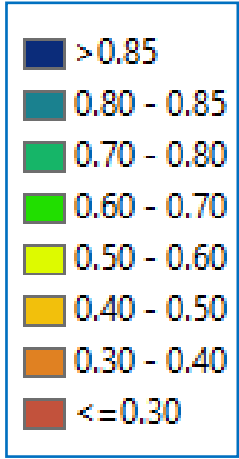
Maia



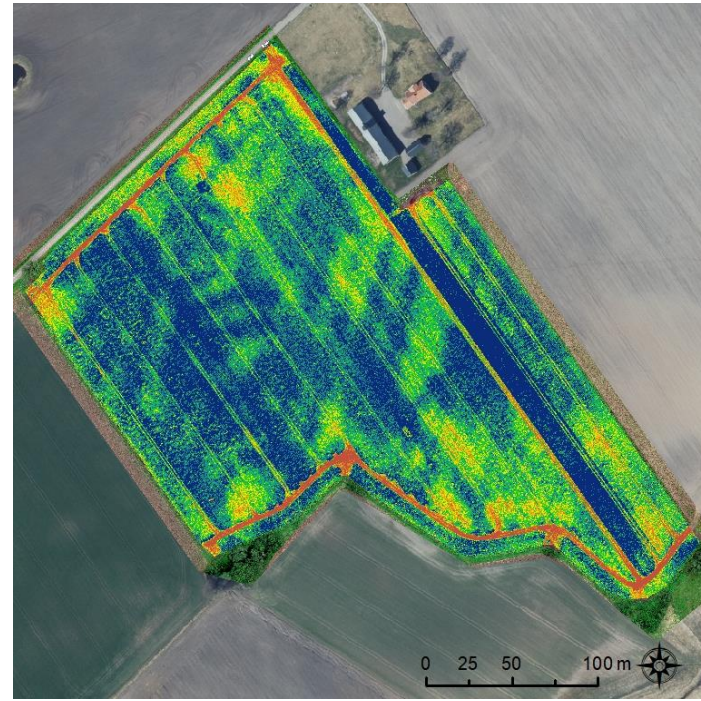
NDVI

Different cameras

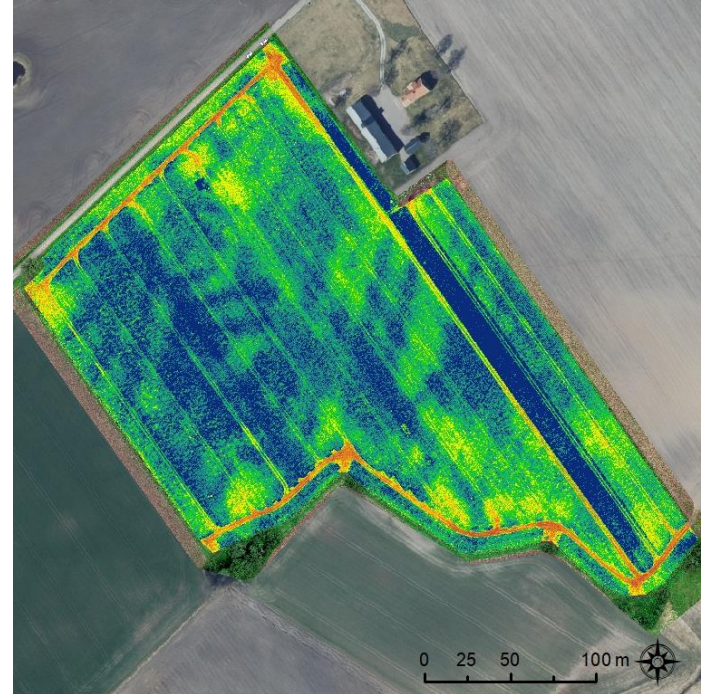
Fixed classes



Micasense Altum



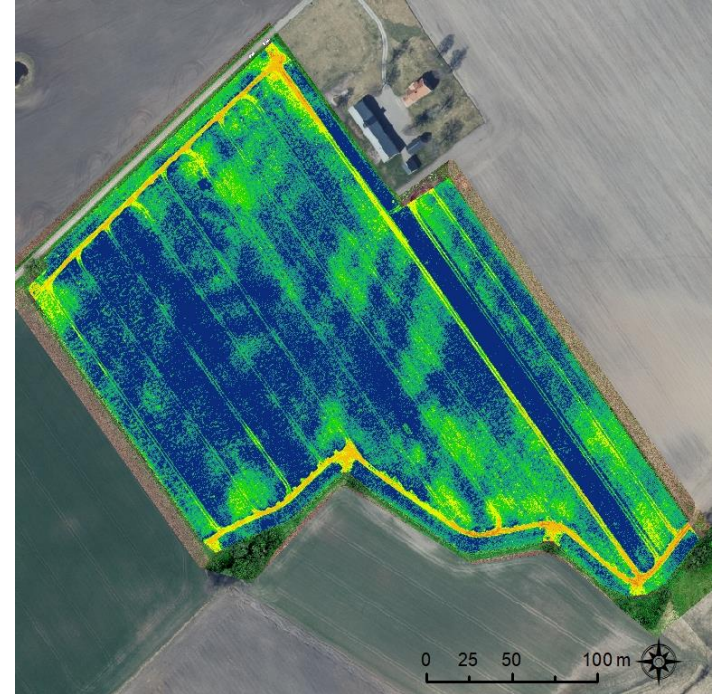
Micasense Rededge



Mavic 3M



Maia



M3M



Field panels

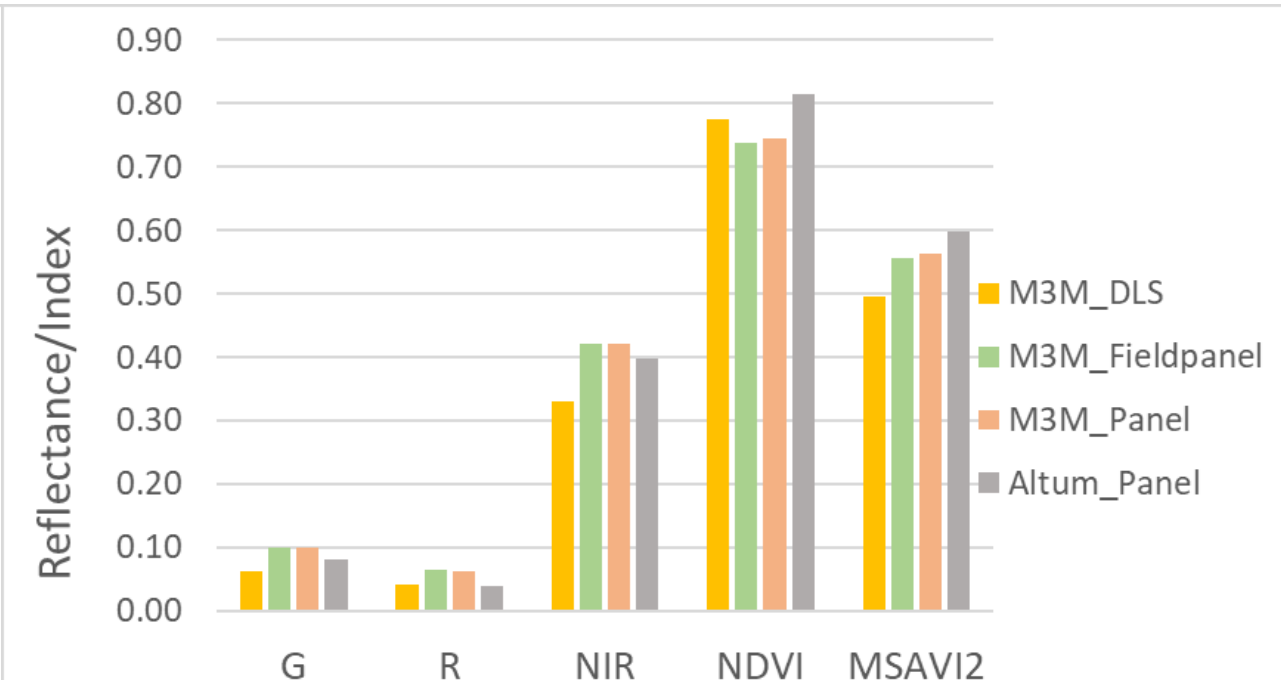
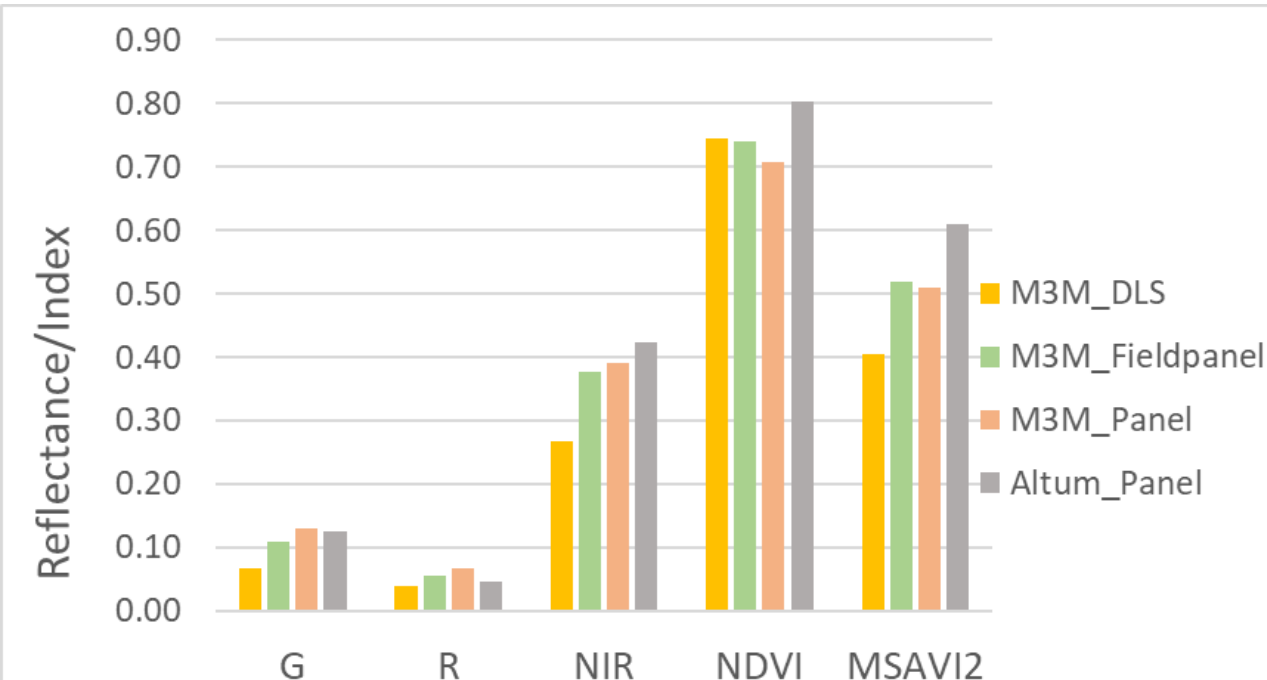
Altum



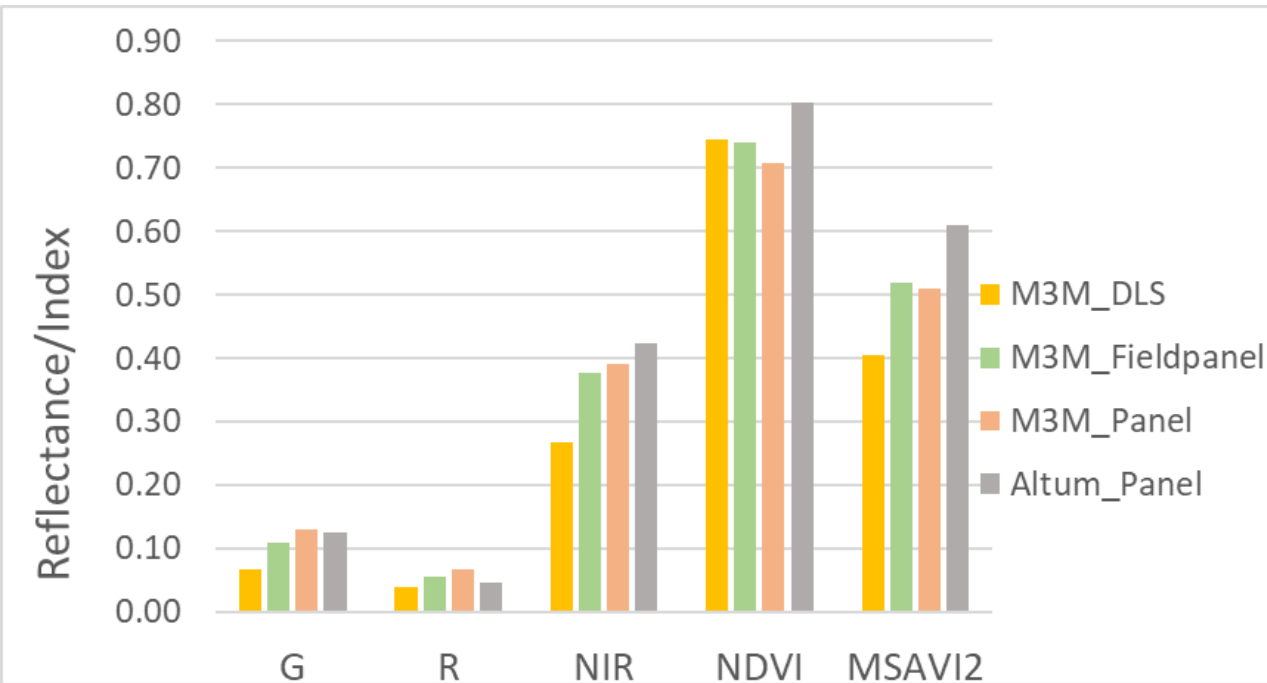
Altum panel

Arentorp 2023-08-18 - potato

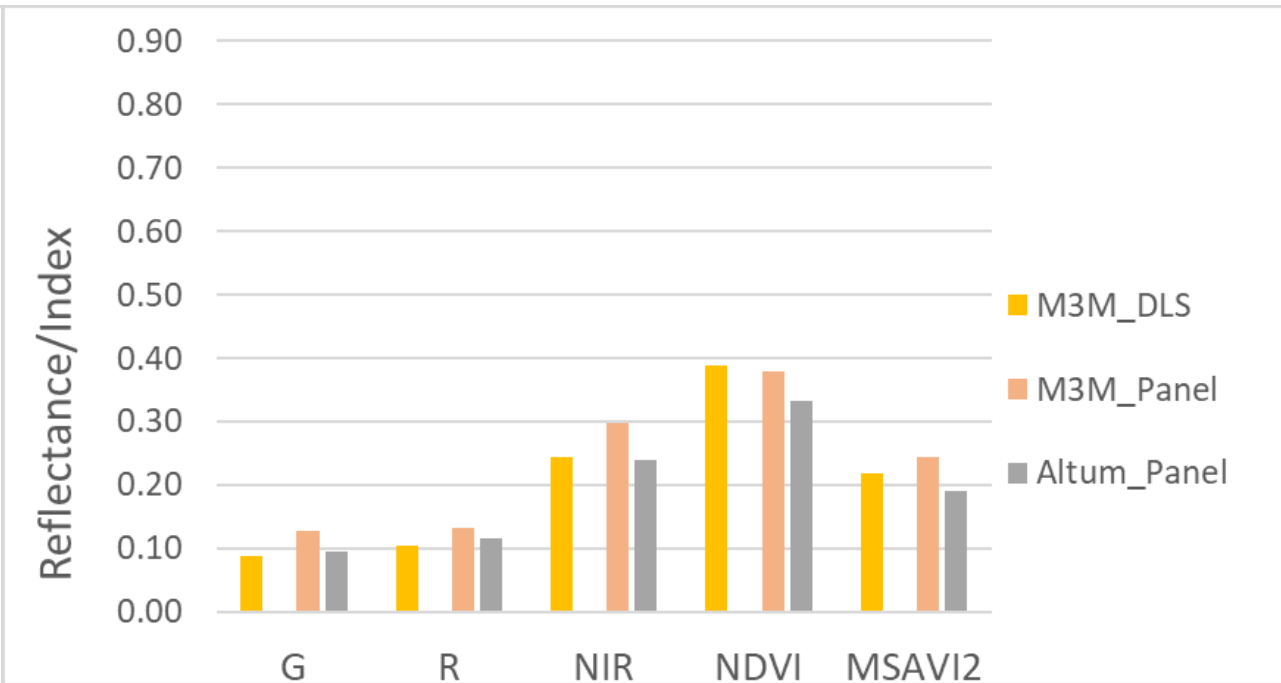
Lanna 2023-07-23 - peas



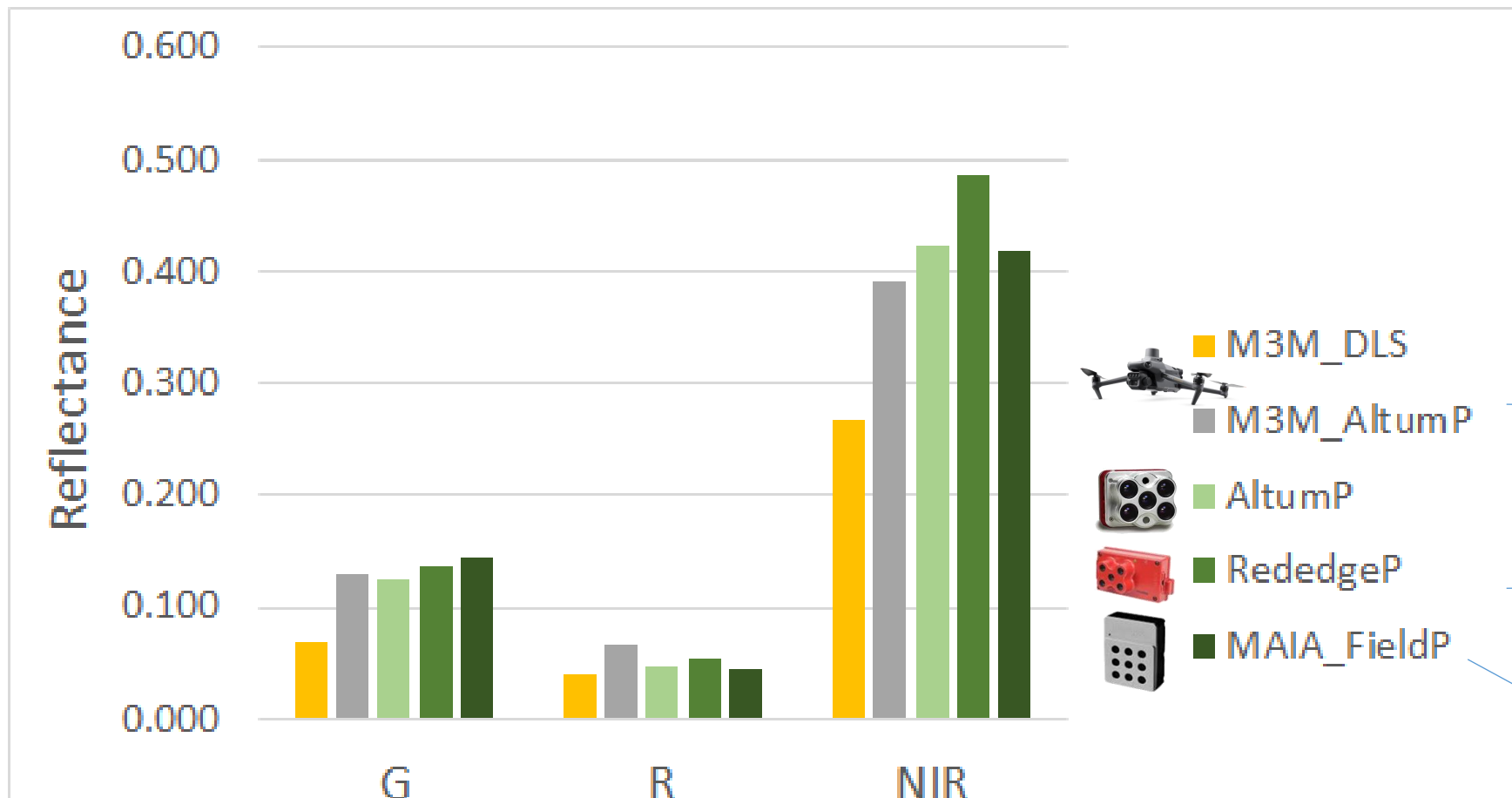
Arentorp 2023-08-18 - potato








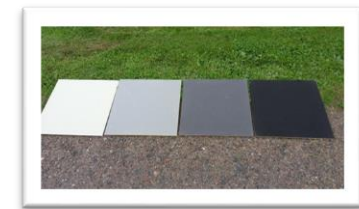
Broccoli (Altum-PT – slightly broader bands vs. old Altum)



Different from the tests in potato and peas
--> Only small differences between the cameras

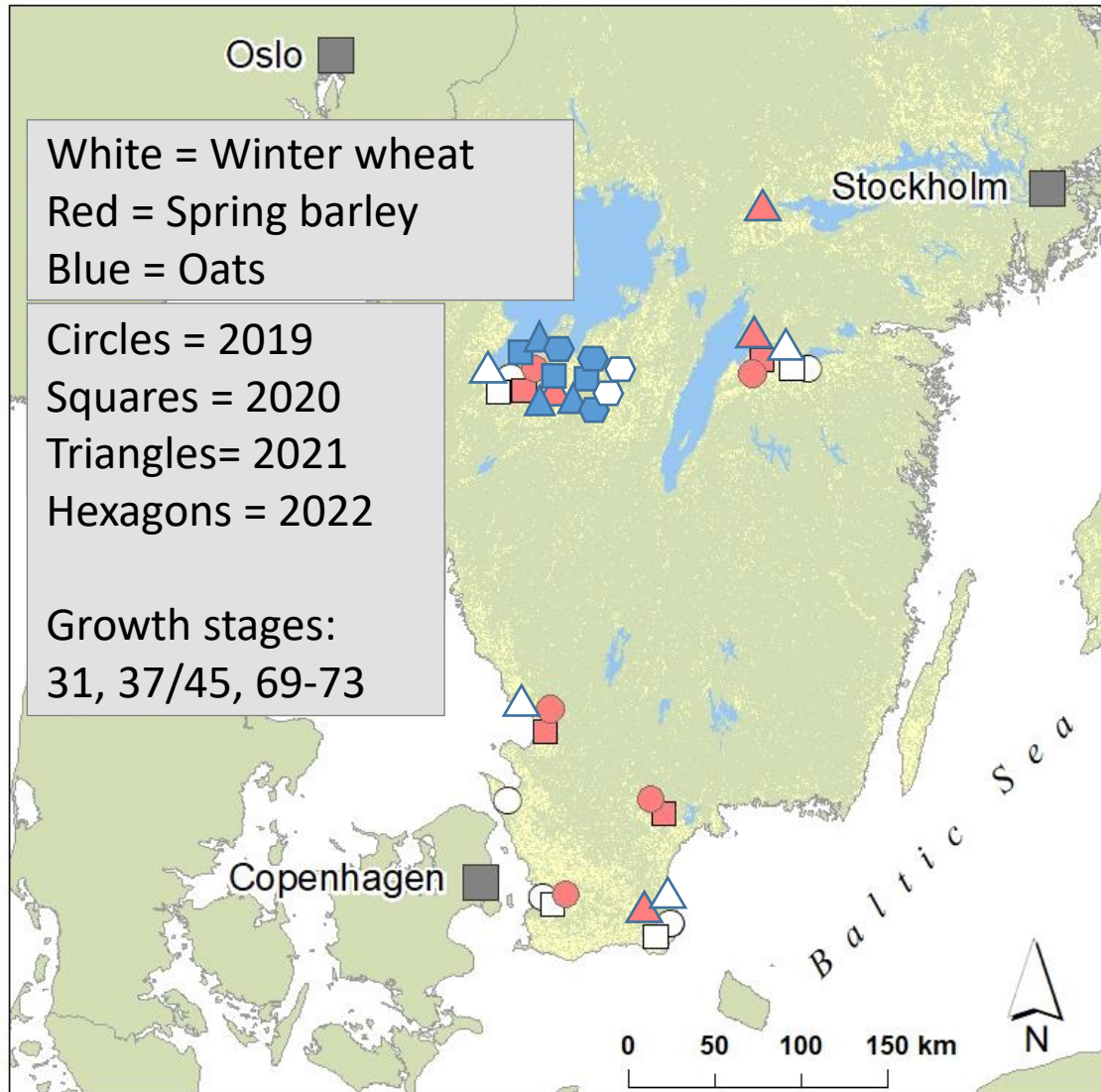


-  M3M_DLS
-  M3M_AltumP
-  AltumP
-  RededgeP
-  MAIA_FieldP

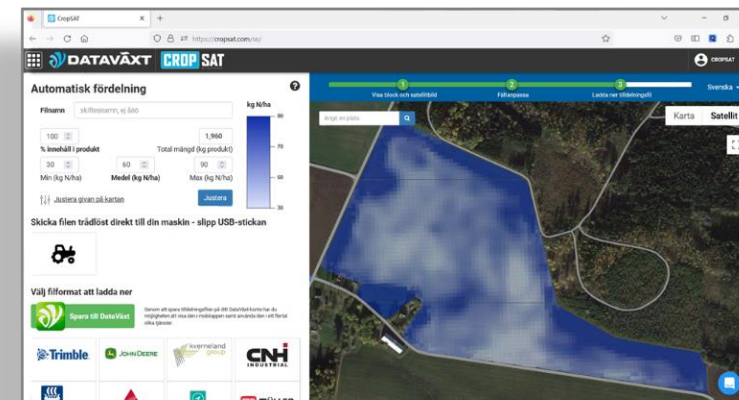


Why may calibrated reflectance be important?

For example – in models based on real numbers, e.g. Target-N®



1. Drone data collected multiple dates, years, sites, crops
2. Sensor-based models for precision N fertilisation developed
3. Transfer of drone models to satellite data
4. Application of models in satellite images based decision support system

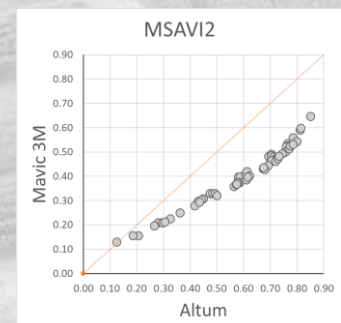
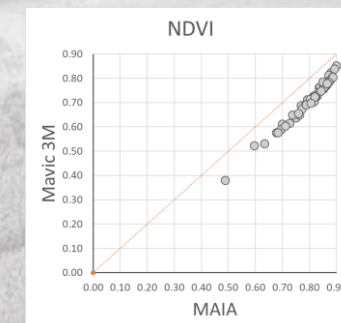
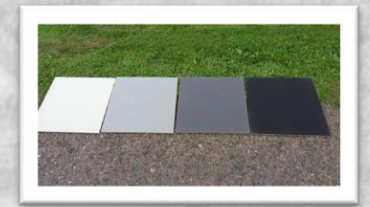
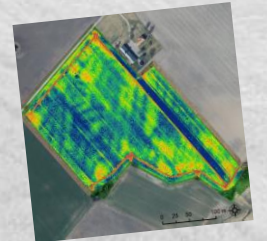
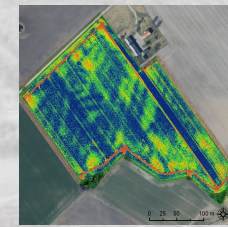


CropSAT.se

*Piikki, K., Söderström, M., Stadig, H. (2022). Field Crops Research, 289, 108742. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fcr.2022.108742>

What did we learn from this?

- Measured reflectance varies a little between sensors
- The difference is reduced when translated to vegetation indices
- Indices that use red-edge band (NDRE etc) give different results with Mavic 3M imagery (because of different wavelength)
- Using calibration panels provides most consistent / comparable results across sensors



Thank you!

More info:

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Get The Complete UAV Handbook
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Thanks to Oskar Andersson (potato farmer), Aakash Chawade (lending us Mavic 3M),
Bruno Morandin Figueredo (pilot in some flights)



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Read more:
www.slu.se/LADS

